

If you want to-day's News, to-day you can find it in THE STAR

# THE HAWAIIAN STAR.

The Hawaiian Star is the paper that goes into the best homes of Honolulu

VOL. VIII.

HONOLULU, H. I., WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 21, 1901.

No. 2942

## HARRISON LOST HIS SHEEP

THE HAGY DRINK CURE CASE DEVELOPS.

Defendants Arguing a Motion for a Non-Suit—Instructions for Treatment of Jags.

The plaintiff in the case of Harrison vs. Magoon, et al. closed his case this morning after a day and a half on the witness stand. Harrison has been under cross-examination for a whole day, telling Attorney McClanahan various details about his sheep trade with L. C. Abies, by means of which he was to give Abies sheep to the value of 2,000 pounds sterling and was to receive their value in Haggy drink-cure stock.

As soon as the plaintiffs rested the defendants moved a non-suit. Judge Gear adjourned the case till 1:30 this afternoon, excusing the jurors until tomorrow, and Bailou and Robertson are spending this afternoon arguing the non-suit.

Among the plaintiff's exhibits is the list of instructions sent to him at Sydney, as to the conduct of a Haggy institute. Harrison declared that it was the receipt of these instructions which caused him to decide that he didn't want to stay in the Haggy business. The instructions gave many details about the care of patients and the treatment of those who were not subservient. It was declared necessary to make some of the patients very sick before they would quit the bottle and the manager was given special orders not to place any trust in the word of a patient who used morphine. All morphine-users were liars when it came to telling about their morphine said the instructions. All medicines given were to be kept a profound secret, and patients were to be duly impressed when they had fits of vomiting that it was the whiskey and not the medicine.

McClanahan wanted to know if the consideration passed when the sheep-trade contract, which was also introduced, was made. Harrison said he got Haggy stock.

"Did the two thousand pass?" demanded the plaintiff's counsel. "No, I never got the two thousand," said Harrison. "The sheep passed."

WAS IT THE OREGON'S ANCHOR?

Captain Pond was busy with the Irons, Monday, dragging for the lost anchor of the battleship Oregon. The grapple iron caught some object and broke before an attempt could be made to discover what the object was. It is very possible that the object may have been the lost anchor of the Oregon. Another attempt to get the anchor will be made by the Irons Saturday morning if the weather is good.

## ON THE CO-OPERATIVE PLAN

The new issue of 750 shares of stock of the Hawaiian Electric Company has all been taken up. The company has adopted a co-operative plan in dealing with employees, and this morning 39 shares and 24 fractional shares, purposely left on the market, were all taken up. There are 24 employees of the company now holding from 1 to 10 shares each and a number of others who have expressed a desire to do so, but have not been able to get stock. The arrangement is regarded as a good one for both sides, and manager Cartley is well satisfied with the co-operative plan as far as it has gone.

RAIN AT HAMAKUA.

The drought at Hamakua has been broken. Rain has fallen along that parched district for nearly 48 hours. The rain began to fall Monday and continued throughout the night and during Tuesday. The rain was very slight at first but increased considerably. This news was brought by the steamer Helene this morning which arrived from the Hamakua Coast.

MAY BE ASSISTANT.

Attorney J. J. Dunne has been tendered the position of assistant United States District Attorney, Baird having asked Washington to create such a position.

HOUSES GOING UP.

Purchasers in College Hills are beginning to build; three residences are in course of construction, another begins next week. Plans for others are in the hands of local architects.

SEMI-WEEKLY STAR.

Honolulu people who are going abroad can have the Semi-Weekly Star mailed to any address for the small sum of twenty-five cents a month. The Semi-Weekly Star contains all the local news of importance, besides the daily stock quotations are published.

WILL LAST THREE WEEKS.

L. B. Kerr & Co. have closed their Hilo branch and the big stock of goods has been brought to Honolulu and will be sold at clearing prices. The list includes goods in all lines. The sale will continue for three weeks.

Fine Job Printing Star Office.

Do You Keep a Dog?

We have just received a fresh shipment of Dog Biscuit, also Mange Cure and Sudary.

PEARSON & POTTER CO., LTD.

923 Fort Street, Honolulu, Tel. Main 184

226 Fort Street, Tel. Main 317.

(Continued on page five)

## TO COMPROMISE CLAIMS

NEGOTIATIONS WITH CHINESE AND JAPANESE CONSULS.

Court of Claims Now Has 6059 Claims. May Sit After the Six Months Expire.

The 6059th claim before the court of claims was filed this morning, bringing the aggregate amount asked for up to \$2,461,000. In three months the court has heard less than a thousand claims and has considered, or at least decided, none. At this rate the six months to which the appropriations for the court are limited will not be enough time for decision of over a third of the claims.

Negotiations are under way, however, for the compromise of in bulk of a most of the Chinese and Japanese claims, and if this is not accomplished, it is possible that the court will sit beyond six months. The act creating the court contains nothing to prohibit it keeping in session as long as the members desire. The pay provided for the members and the clerk and stenographers, however, is only enough for six months. The members of the court are disposed to think it would be wise to keep on and finish the business, relying on the next legislature to make up the deficit. The court of claims has been in session continuously since it was organized and has done very hard work. New claims may be filed up to September 24, so that the total of 6059 will be increased.

The Chinese and Japanese claimants are ready to agree to any compromise their consuls make, and negotiations are in progress with the government looking to such compromise. If an agreement should be made, it would have to be submitted to the court of claims. If the court approved, it could order the claims paid. This would dispose of about 4,000 claims at once, and would leave the court with much better chances of getting through in a reasonable time.

The court is still at work on Hawaiian claims. J. J. Dunne appears for the government and various counsel for the claimants.

## THE VISIT TO THE LEPERS

BOARD OF HEALTH'S TRIP NEXT MONTH.

Drs. Sloggett and Pratt Return From The Settlement—Will Report Observations This Afternoon

The Board of Health will probably make its trip to Molokai to inspect the leper settlement next month. This morning President Sloggett and Dr. Pratt, executive officer of the Board, returned from a visit to the settlement on the steamer Lehua. They will make a report to the Board at the meeting this afternoon.

The visiting doctors were accompanied by the returned Superintendent Reynolds. They found the affairs of the settlement in good condition. "We shall report the result of our inspection to the Board this afternoon," said Dr. Pratt, "and the visit of the entire board will probably be made in the third week of next month."

The last visit of the board to the settlement was at the end of last February. It was the former custom, interrupted by the plague quarantine, to go twice a year, and this custom is now being resumed. A number of visitors will be allowed to go, but there will be no free intermingling of visitors and lepers such as took place in the old times.

The board this afternoon will probably open bids for the Molokai steamer service for the next two years. Only one bid was received at the last meeting, the Wilder Steamship Company being the bidder. It was announced by President Wright that the company would ask a higher rate this time for the work, as the old contract at \$200 a month, had occasioned a loss to the company.

KEEP THE SCALP CLEAN.

Pacheco's Dandruff Killer will allay itching at once and eradicate dandruff the first time used; it cleans the scalp and hair beautifully.

AN ADVERTISING CRANK.

Flattering remarks reach Mr. Beal from all sides on his advertising methods. The latest notion of this energetic advertiser is to sell wall paper for 5 cents per roll. See ad. page five.

WILL LAST THREE WEEKS.

L. B. Kerr & Co. have closed their Hilo branch and the big stock of goods has been brought to Honolulu and will be sold at clearing prices. The list includes goods in all lines. The sale will continue for three weeks.

Fine Job Printing Star Office.

Do You Keep a Dog?

We have just received a fresh shipment of Dog Biscuit, also Mange Cure and Sudary.

PEARSON & POTTER CO., LTD.

923 Fort Street, Honolulu, Tel. Main 184

226 Fort Street, Tel. Main 317.

(Continued on page five)

## HORSES PERISH IN FLAMES

OVER A HUNDRED ARE BURNED TO DEATH.

Honolulu Stockyards Company's Property Completely Destroyed by a Fire

The building of the Honolulu Stock Yards Company went up in a fierce and rapid fire about half past one o'clock this morning. A large number of horses estimated at considerably more than a hundred were burned up. Their frenzied neighing and shrieking, the fierce stamping back to danger of those once rescued and the agony of those who burned in their stables, all gave to this fire a dramatic fascination that made its spell felt by the hundreds attracted to it.

The destruction of the buildings used by the company in its business was complete. The livery and boarding stable, the carriage repair and paint shop, the harness manufacturing establishment, and the horse shoeing shop run in connection are all destroyed.

The loss is estimated at \$25,000 to the Honolulu Stock Yards Company, and \$25,000 to owners of horses, carriages and other property kept there. This is believed by many a very low estimate and \$65,000 and even \$75,000 has been spoken of as a probable figure.

The Stockyards company carried \$35,000 of insurance. What individual owners carried is not known, but it is thought not a great deal.

The Stockyards Company is capitalized at \$100,000.

All day the scene of the fire has attracted hundreds of people. The rows of charred bodies of horses as they lie where they died in their stalls, is a most gruesome sight.

SITUATION OF THE FIRE.

The property of the Honolulu Stock Yards Company is situated at the junction of King and South streets, the new buildings running along King to a point opposite to where Alapai street runs up to Punchbowl. The original and main buildings are therefore on the makai side of King, the premises occupied by the Langdon Hotel, a carriage repository, some vacant stores and upstairs dwelling rooms. On South Street is the main entrance of Wright's Carriage works and smithy having an direct entrance on the King Street side. The main building which is backed by the main Ewa corner of Alapai and King while the residence of C. H. and J. B. Atherton lie next to the Waikiki street frontage of the stables and adjoining the new building there is a collection of wooden shanties and stores, tenanted by Japanese store keepers, a horse shoe and next to the stockyard property, a Chinese laundry. None of these latter were even scorched by the fire the wind carrying the flames and heat towards the town.

HORSES ESCAPE.

Directly back of the main or South street frontage of the stables ran the main building which was backed by corrals giving in their turn onto an open marshy space through which many of the horses escaped. The makai boundary of the property is formed by Hustace Avenue, leading to the old Cyclotron Park. Hustace Avenue and an open corral are immediately opposite the stables on this side.

The Honolulu stock-Yards Company was incorporated in August 1899 through the efforts of W. S. Withers its present manager, for the sum of \$100,000 most of which is paid up. The concern dealt largely in the sale of livestock besides having a large livery and boarding business and its affairs were in a prosperous condition. Mr. Withers the manager is at present on the mainland on a vacation the business at the time of the fire being under the control of C. A. Rice son of W. H. Rice the president and heaviest individual owner of stock in the company. The stock is held in many small investments throughout the islands. W. H. Rice is at present on Kauai but will be ported by first opportunity and is expected in a few days. Meantime the force in charge will make an approximate estimate of the company's status quo. The property was insured for \$35,000 a small portion of this amount, covering various payments made to the builder of the new additions. The new property, while the Waikiki end is practically untouched, was completely destroyed in more than half of its extent. Smith the contractor is said not to have carried any insurance but it is a moot point as to who will bear the loss as the buildings had not been accepted by the Stockyards company although it had paid certain sums over to the builder according to agreement. The new building was valued at \$20,000.

Wilcox Bros. and John Watt of Honolulu are the heaviest holders of the stock of the company.

ESTIMATE OF LOSS.

The loss is not regarded as seriously by the management as might be imagined. While there will be a considerable deficit it is believed that the assets of the corporation including the valuable real estate, the insurance policies, which are scattered in small amounts in various companies, the cash in bank and outstanding accounts, will when realized upon recoup the stockholders in a fair amount of the capital stock. Nothing about rebuilding will be determined until the arrival of Mr. Rice from Kauai and a meeting of the stockholders. The safe was re-

(Continued on page five)

## ORDERED TO SHOW CAUSE

HIGH SHERIFF BROWN BEFORE ESTEE.

Holds The Property of a Bankrupt in Alleged Contempt of The United States Court.

High Sheriff Brown was before United States Judge Estee this morning to answer for contempt for refusing to turn over some property held by him under a judgment of Judge Wilcox, on the order of referee Thompson appointed by Judge Estee to look into the affairs of Lum Nam Suk, bankrupt.

Lum Nam Suk was adjudged a bankrupt by Judge Estee on July 18. He has about \$5,000 worth of property in a Chinatown store, as assets and liabilities of about \$12,000. In the District Court of Honolulu, Grinbaum & Company obtained a judgment for \$283 and the property was seized by the High Sheriff.

Attorney W. W. Thayer, trustee for the bankrupt, brought the contempt proceedings being unable to get possession of the property and the High Sheriff was called into court for the purpose of securing an order from Estee as to the property. Brown held that he had no right to release the seized goods, under the order from Judge Wilcox.

The answer of the High Sheriff was to the effect that he had acted under orders from the District Court, before the United States court had declared Nam Suk a bankrupt. Judge Estee wanted to see the writ of execution issued by Judge Wilcox, but it was not in court. Attorney Wilder for the sheriff and Thayer for the bankrupt agreed that there was such a writ, but Estee refused to proceed without a copy of it in court, and the case was postponed until the attorneys produced it.

## DOLE AND GEAR AGAIN

AH QUONG RELEASED AND RE-ARRESTED.

Was Found Guilty of a Villainous Offense—Dole Says Trials Were Constitutional Anyhow.

Ah Quong was released on habeas corpus this morning by Judge Gear and re-arrested by the High Sheriff, his case being added to the already long list of prisoners freed under Gear's recent decision and taken into custody to be tried again if the Supreme Court does not reverse Gear. The occasion of an Ah Quong's release furnished another interesting discussion between Judge Gear and Attorney General E. C. Dole.

The facts in the case, as usual, were admitted, and Judge Gear once more repeated his decision that the defendant had not had a constitutional trial and conviction. Ah Quong's offense was a peculiarly revolting one and aroused a public indignation which was new to the public. He was convicted of rape his victim being a little white girl on Hawaii. He was never indicted by a grand jury and Gear held that the conviction was therefore illegal. Ah Quong enjoyed a few minutes of freedom and then he was taken to jail again.

Attorney General Dole gave notice of appeal and Judge Gear again assured him that he knew of no such procedure as to the constitution and the flag, both Judge and Attorney General sticking to their views as of old. The Attorney General, however, made the contention that the trials were legal even if the constitution was here when the convictions were had. He appeared ready to admit that the Newlands resolution extended the constitution of the United States of Hawaii, but declared that under the constitution the trials were legal anyhow. The Peacock decision was referred to, and Dole acknowledged that it was wrong.

Decisions from the Supreme Court are anxiously awaited, and the justices are at work. There are three points upon which Gear and the lawyers are very anxious to hear—first as to the right of appeal, second, as to the right of appeal, and third, as to whether the Newlands resolution extended the constitution to Hawaii or not.

GETS PERPETUAL RIGHT OF WAY.

The Oahu Railway Company has been granted a perpetual right of way through the proposed land on which the navy department intends to construct the navy yards at Pearl Harbor. The land is question is 2.13 miles in length and 40 feet wide. The government sought to secure this and brought condemnation suit included it in the general condemnation suit against the other lands in that vicinity.

The directors of the railroad company offer made a proposition to the navy department to deed the land in question provided they would be granted a perpetual right of way and in case the land should ever be desired by the government they would be given some other right of way around the land. The navy department instructed Captain Pond to accept the proposition.

IT SAVED HIS BABY.

"My baby was terribly sick with the diarrhoea, we were unable to cure him with the doctor's assistance, and as a last resort we tried Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy," says Mr. J. H. Doak, of Williams, Ore. "I am happy to say it gave immediate relief and a complete cure." For sale by all dealers. Bennett, Smith & Co., general agents, Hawaiian Islands.

SEAMLESS SHOES.

L. B. Kerr is making a specialty of Nettleton's seamless shoe for men. See display in window corner Fort and Hotel streets.

Just opened 100 cases of the famous "Walk-on" men's shoes at \$4.00 at McNeirly Shoe Store.

Fine Job Printing, Star Office.

## DISAGREE OVER JALAP

DRUGGISTS OBJECT TO RECENT REPORT.

Say Dr. Shorey has Given an Erroneous Impression Regarding This Drug Which is Little Used Anyway.

The druggists of the city feel that Dr. Shorey, chemist for the Board of Health has done them a serious injustice in his report on samples of powdered jalap examined. They say that his report tends to create the impression that they are selling an adulterated or diluted article, although admitting that he found no adulteration, quoting the United States Dispensatory to create the belief of adulteration or dilution but failing to quote the statements in the same connection which indicate that the official standard is unattainable and unobtainable through no fault either of the manufacturing or dispensing pharmacists.

They also claim that jalap is so little used as to make it a matter of little concern whether it is adulterated or not, and of no concern whether it is diluted or not.

Shorey's report on the subject is as follows:

"Four samples of powdered jalap were examined and all found to be below standard. The United States Pharmacopoeia requires in this drug that alcohol shall extract not less than twelve per cent of resin, of which not more than ten per cent shall be soluble in ether. An examination of the four samples resulted as follows:

"Hobson Drug Co., resin extracted by alcohol, 10.95 per cent; soluble in ether, 15.5 per cent.

"Hollister Drug Co., resin extracted by alcohol, 5.55 per cent; soluble in ether 6.85 per cent.

"Honolulu Drug Co., resin extracted by alcohol, 8.79 per cent; soluble in ether, 6.23 per cent.

"Benson, Smith & Co., resin extracted by alcohol, 8.70 per cent; soluble in ether 10.90 per cent.

"This drug is subject to adulteration not only with inert and valueless substances but also with the roots of several closely related plants having somewhat similar properties. In the finely ground condition in which the samples were, it was not possible to determine whether they were adulterated with the roots of other plants, or were simply inferior grades of the genuine article."

As showing the claimed misleading effect of this report, the druggists cite the following from the United States Dispensatory edition of 1898, title, Jalap:

"It yields its active properties partly to water, partly to alcohol, and completely to dilute alcohol, and the United States Pharmacopoeia gives the following test of its efficiency: 'on exhausting 100 parts of Jalap with alcohol, concentrating the tincture to 40 parts, and pouring it into water, a precipitate of resin should be obtained, which, when washed with water, and dried, should weigh not less than 12 parts, and of which not over 10 per cent should be soluble in ether.'

"There can be no doubt that much of the commercial jalap is far below the official standard. In June, 1888, a series of analyses yielded to Dr. Squibb in New York, only about 8 per cent, and the same chemist, in 1889, as the result of applications made in Hamburg, London and New York, for the finest Jalap, obtained only one consignment yielding more than 7.5 per cent. Dr. Squibb has found jalap tubers yielding only 1.8 per cent of resin."

"Note: The belief of Prof. Fluckiger, that Jalap resin is extracted from the roots in Mexico, before the latter are thrown into commerce, seems probable. Note: The poor quality of Mexican jalap makes the question of the possibility of the cultivation of the plant important. In 1834, Widemann, an apothecary of Munich, showed that in the gardens of Munich the jalap plant would grow and produce tubers yielding as high as 22 per cent of resin. In England jalap yielding 12 per cent resin has been successfully grown."

SOLACE FOR COAST TOMORROW.

The solace will sail for San Francisco tomorrow afternoon at 5 p. m. She will carry mail.

IS PARTICULAR.

Tom L. Johnson has never shown the slightest sympathy with people who insist on disregarding his real name and calling him "Thomas."—Washington Star.

A FINE CHANCE.

L. B. Kerr & Co. have held many popular sales at their big store—but the present sale promises to be the most successful. The large stock of the Hilo branch store, recently closed, is on the counters and bargains in many lines are offered.

ICE HOUSE DELICACIES.

Camarinos California Fruit Market is the place for ice house delicacies. Everything the California market affords at this season of the year can be found at Camarinos'.

Fine Job Printing Star Office.

ROYAL Baking Powder

Made from pure cream of tartar.

Safeguards the food against alum.

Alum baking powders are the greatest menaces to health of the present day.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

## GRAND JURY INDICTMENTS

EIGHT RETURNED IN CIRCUIT COURT.

Six Defendants Plead—Mate McCarty of the St. James Pleads Guilty Before Estee.

The eight indictments found by the Grand Jury were returned in Judge Gear's court this morning and six of the defendants were arraigned, all pleading not guilty. One of them has not yet been apprehended. He is Matsumoto, a Japanese, charged with larceny in the second degree.

Sun Chun, the Chinese who was shot while he was supposed to be stealing chickens, is still in the hospital as a result of his wound and was therefore not indicted. The other cases are as follows:

Palenapa, larceny second degree, held by Judge Wilcox; Kealoha, larceny in the second degree, Wilcox; Lui Oluwa, embezzlement, Wilcox; Tilika, assault with a weapon, Kiki, assault with a weapon, Wilcox; Tilika had no hearing before a district magistrate.

The cases were all added to Gear's calendar, but are not likely to be reached during this term of court. The eight indictments represent the net results of the Grand Jury's labors.

Second Mate Patrick McCarty of the bark St. James pleaded guilty before Estee of beating a sailor at sea. His case is one in which an accusation was brought against the master of the vessel as well, Captain Tapely, for not having stopped the beating, but after being satisfied that the captain did not see the cruelty, Attorney Dunne withdrew the charge. After remaining in jail about a month McCarty concluded to plead guilty and ask for mercy. He said he had never been under arrest before. Judge Estee gave him a sentence of 30 days.

The government is very glad to get rid of McCarty's case, as about half a dozen witnesses were being held in Oahu jail at much expense. McCarty chose to plead guilty as the quickest way out. If he had remained to fight the case he would have had to wait until November for a Grand Jury. As it is he will be a free man some weeks before his trial would have begun, and long before other ships' officers in his fix know what their sentences are to be.

WAIAPAHU SHOOTING SCRAPE.

High Sheriff Brown received word from Waiapahu this morning that Ah Chee the Chinese who was shot in the back night before last was resting easier this morning. The sick man may be brought to the hospital here from Waiapahu today. The sheriff is awaiting the report of the attending physician before they make any charge against Willie Davis, the boy who is now held at the police station on suspicion of having shot Ah Chee. Davis has retained T. McCants Stewart. The prisoner said that he was too drunk on the night of the shooting to remember anything about the alleged affair.

HONG KONG AND MARIPOSA.

The Hong Kong Maru was delayed in getting away for San Francisco yesterday owing to the unusual amount of freight for this port. She was to have sailed at 11 o'clock in the morning but she did not leave until about 3:30 p. m. The regular mail for her closed at 1 a. m. and 46 sacks were sent on the Hong Kong. The Mariposa left at 5:15 p. m. and 31 sacks more were sent by that vessel. The Hong Kong Maru will reach San Francisco sometime Monday morning. The Mariposa will probably not reach the Coast until the following day.

A VALUABLE ASSET.

The ownership of a life policy insures no man's credit, and infracts no rule of economy; and when once a venture is made and "the hand put to the plough" there should be no turning back. The policy should be kept alive and the "savings" should pay daily for the privilege of paying many annual premiums, insure in the Provident Savings Life, represented in Honolulu by A. Newhouse; office: 15-16 Progress Block.

The Customs Tariff Act of 1897 with alphabetical schedule, revised up to July 1st, 1900—an indispensable book for all importers, just received and for sale by the Golden Rule Bazaar.

## REPAIRING

SKILLFULLY DONE....

We have a competent repairer at our store, and will now be able to do all repairing with despatch and in a satisfactory manner

MANUFACTURERS SHOE COMPANY